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APPLICATION NO.	F	TLING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/763,875 01/23/2004		Mark Horton	018360/269788	6010		
826	7590	03/10/2006	EXAMINER			
ALSTON			EKONG, EMEM			
BANK OF 101 SOUTI		A PLAZA STREET, SUITE 400	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
		28280-4000	2688			
				DATE MAILED: 03/10/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	on No.	Applicant(s)	
	Office Action Summer	10/763,87		1	
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit	
		EMEM EK		2688	
 Period for	The MAILING DATE of this communicatio Reply	n appears on the	cover sheet with	the correspondence ad	dress
WHICH - Extensi after SI - If NO po - Failure Any rep	RTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R EVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILIN ons of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C K (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication eriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory is to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by the received by the Office later than three months after the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NG DATE OF THE CFR 1.136(a). In no even on. period will apply and wi statute, cause the apply	IIS COMMUNICA ent, however, may a repl Il expire SIX (6) MONTH lication to become ABAN	ATION.  by be timely filed  IS from the mailing date of this on  NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status					
1)⊠ R	esponsive to communication(s) filed on	23 January 200	4		
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	losed in accordance with the practice un	•		· ·	
Dispositio	n of Claims	·	•		
4) 🖂 C	claim(s) <u>1-28</u> is/are pending in the application	ation.			
	a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with		nsideration.		
	laim(s) is/are allowed.				
•	laim(s) <u>1-28</u> is/are rejected.				
7) 🗌 C	laim(s) is/are objected to.				
8) 🗌 C	laim(s) are subject to restriction a	and/or election re	equirement.		
Applicatio	n Papers				
9)∏ TI	ne specification is objected to by the Exa	aminer.			
• —	ne drawing(s) filed on <u>01/23/04</u> is/are: a		b) ☐ objected to	by the Examiner.	
Α	pplicant may not request that any objection t	to the drawing(s) b	e held in abeyance	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
R	eplacement drawing sheet(s) including the c	orrection is require	ed if the drawing(s)	is objected to. See 37 CF	FR 1.121(d).
11)[] Ti	ne oath or declaration is objected to by the	he Examiner. No	ote the attached C	Office Action or form PT	O-152.
Priority un	der 35 U.S.C. § 119				
	cknowledgment is made of a claim for fo	reign priority und	der 35 U.S.C. § 1	19(a)-(d) or (f).	
•	All b) Some * c) None of:		•		
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_ `	of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Sun	nmary (PTO-413)	
2) 🔲 Notice	of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94		Paper No(s)/f	Mail Date	
	tion Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/5 lo(s)/Mail Date		5) Notice of Info 6) Other:	mal Patent Application (PTC).	)-152)

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
  - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
  - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
  - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
  - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 3. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

4. Claims 1-6, 8-10, 18-23, and 25-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U. S. Patent No. 6, 711,408 B1 to Raith in view of U. S. Patent No. 5,481,588 to Rickli et al. (Rickli).

Regarding claim 1, Raith discloses a method of testing electromagnetic signal strength near a target area (col. 1 lines 36-45, and col. 3 lines 37-45), comprising: establishing test parameters (col. 6 lines 31-37).

Raith discloses employing a service enterprise having a fleet of vehicles serving a territory near said target area, each of said vehicles assigned to one of a plurality of routes according to a dispatch plan, said dispatch plan comprising vehicle data and route data (col. 2 lines 65-67, and col. 6 lines 38-41, monitors the position of mobile terminals used in cars),

comparing said test parameters to said dispatch plan for each of said plurality of routes (col. 3 lines 10-27, and col. 6 lines 38-49), identifying one or more optimal routes from among said plurality of routes based on the results of said comparing, said optimal routes comprising those most nearly satisfying said test parameters (col. 6 lines 50-54).

However, Raith fails to specifically disclose employing a service enterprise having a fleet of vehicles serving a territory near said target area, each of said vehicles assigned to one of a plurality of routes according to a dispatch plan, said dispatch plan comprising vehicle data and route data, and installing one of a plurality of electromagnetic signal testing units in the vehicle assigned to each of said one or more optimal routes, and receiving data gathered by each of said plurality of signal testing units.

Rickli discloses employing a service enterprise having a fleet of vehicles serving a territory near said target area (col. 2 lines 64-67), each of said vehicles assigned to one of a plurality of routes according to a dispatch plan, said dispatch plan comprising vehicle data and route data (col. 3 lines 24-33), and installing one of a plurality of electromagnetic signal testing units in the vehicle assigned to each of said one or more optimal routes, and receiving data gathered by each of said plurality of signal testing units (col. 2 lines 60-67, col. 3 lines 23-55, and col. 4 lines 60-66).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the invention of Raith, and have the electromagnetic signal testing units installed in a vehicle as disclosed by Rickli for the purpose of determining best quality of service.

Regarding claim 18, Raith discloses a system for testing electromagnetic signal strength near a target area (col. 1 lines 36-45, and col. 3 lines 37-45), comprising: a plurality of electromagnetic signal testing units, a wireless provider establishing test parameters (col. 4 lines 25-65) a service enterprise having a fleet of vehicles serving a territory near said target area, each of said vehicles in said fleet assigned to one of a plurality of routes according to a dispatch plan, said dispatch plan comprising vehicle data and plan data (col. 2 lines 65-67, and col. 6 lines 38-41, monitors the position of mobile terminals used in cars), means for comparing said test parameters to said dispatch plan for each of said plurality of routes(col. 3 lines 10-27, and col. 6 lines 38-49, communication network),

means for identifying one or more optimal routes from among said plurality of routes based on results from said comparing means (col. 6 lines 50-54, network), said optimal routes comprising those most nearly satisfying said test parameters.

However, Raith fails to specifically disclose employing a service enterprise having a fleet of vehicles serving a territory near said target area, each of said vehicles assigned to one of a plurality of routes according to a dispatch plan, said dispatch plan comprising vehicle data and route data, and one of said plurality of testing units installed in the vehicle assigned to each of said one or more optimal routes, a receiver for receiving data gathered by each of said plurality of signal testing units.

Rickli discloses employing a service enterprise having a fleet of vehicles serving a territory near said target area (col. 2 lines 64-67), each of said vehicles assigned to one of a plurality of routes according to a dispatch plan, said dispatch plan comprising vehicle data and route data (col. 3 lines 24-33), and one of said plurality of testing units installed in the vehicle assigned to each of said one or more optimal routes, a receiver for receiving data gathered by each of said plurality of signal testing units (col. 2 lines 60-67, col. 3 lines 23-55, and col. 4 lines 60-66).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the invention of Raith, and have the electromagnetic signal testing units installed in a vehicle as disclosed by Rickli for the purpose of testing and determining best signal strength.

Regarding claims 2-6, 8-10, 19-23, and 25-28, Raith discloses the method of claims 1 and 18, wherein the step of establishing test parameters further comprises storing a geographic parameter, and wherein said route data includes a start location, an end location, and one or more intermediate stop locations (reads on claims 2 and 19) (col. 6 lines 23-34);

wherein said step of comparing said test parameters to said dispatch plan is executed by a computer software program product (reads on claims 9, 26, and 27) (see figure 4, and col. 5 lines 28-29);

wherein said step of establishing said test parameters is accomplished by a wireless provider, said wireless provider generally unrelated to said service enterprise (reads on claims 10 and 28) (see figure 1, and col. 3 lines 11-14).

However, Raith fails to disclose wherein said step of storing a geographic parameter further comprises: storing one or more tower identifiers, each defining a tower location, and storing one or more sector identifiers, each of said one or more sector identifiers comprising a sector location and an antenna configuration;

wherein the step of establishing test parameters further comprises storing a time parameter describing a time window, and wherein said route data includes a start time corresponding to said start location, an end time corresponding to said end location, and one or more intermediate stop durations corresponding to said one or more intermediate stop locations; and storing one or more lingering

parameters, each of said one or more lingering parameters comprising a linger duration, a tower identifier, and a sector identifier

wherein said step of establishing test parameters further comprises: storing one or more unit parameters, each of said one or more unit parameters comprising a unit type and a unit feature, and storing a quantity parameter defining an available number of said units, and wherein said vehicle data includes a number of vehicles in said fleet;

wherein said step of establishing test parameters further comprises: assigning a weight to one or more of said test parameters, each of said weights correlated to the importance of said one or more of said test parameters relative to the others.

Rickli discloses wherein said step of storing a geographic parameter further comprises: storing one or more tower identifiers, each defining a tower location, and storing one or more sector identifiers, each of said one or more sector identifiers comprising a sector location and an antenna configuration (see figure 1, and col. 3 lines 18-22);

wherein the step of establishing test parameters further comprises storing a time parameter describing a time window, and wherein said route data includes a start time corresponding to said start location, an end time corresponding to said end location, and one or more intermediate stop durations corresponding to said one or more intermediate stop locations; and storing one or more lingering parameters, each of said one or more lingering parameters comprising a linger

duration, a tower identifier, and a sector identifier (col. 2 lines 44-59, col. 3 lines 23-33, col. 6 lines 1-5, and col. 7 lines 45-col. 8 line 5);

wherein said step of establishing test parameters further comprises: storing one or more unit parameters, each of said one or more unit parameters comprising a unit type and a unit feature, and storing a quantity parameter defining an available number of said units, and wherein said vehicle data includes a number of vehicles in said fleet (reads on claims 3-6, and 20-23) (col. 5 lines 22-30, 44-51, and col. 7 lines 48-55);

wherein said step of establishing test parameters further comprises: assigning a weight to one or more of said test parameters, each of said weights correlated to the importance of said one or more of said test parameters relative to the others (reads on claims 8 and 25) (col. 2 lines 44-48 and col. 4 lines 60-65, with the aid of at least one test mobile remote unit).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the invention of Raith, and have a geographic parameter further comprises: storing one or more tower identifiers and test parameters further comprises storing a time parameter describing a time window as disclosed by Rickli for the purpose of determining best route by taking parameters above into consideration.

5. Claims 7 and 24 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Raith in view of Rickli, and further in view of U.S. Patent No. 5752164 to Jones.

Regarding claim 7 and 24, the combination of Raith and Rickli discloses the method and system of claims 1 and 18, however, the combination fails to disclose wherein said step of installing further comprises providing a universal bracket in each vehicle in said fleet, said bracket configured to releasably receive any of a variety of types of said testing units.

Jones discloses a universal bracket in each vehicle in said fleet, said bracket configured to releasably receive any of a variety of types of said testing units (col. 7 lines 26-40).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the combination, by providing a universal bracket in each vehicle in said fleet, said bracket configured to releasably receive any of a variety of types of said testing units as disclosed by Jones for the purpose of attaching the testing unit to be used in a car.

6. Claims 11- 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rickli in view of Raith.

Regarding claim 11, Rickli discloses a computer software program product for testing electromagnetic signal strength near a target area (col. 6 lines 56-58),

comprising: a first executable portion configured to store test parameters, a second executable portion configured to store a dispatch plan for a fleet of vehicles serving a territory near said target area, each of said vehicles assigned to one of a plurality of routes according to a dispatch plan, said dispatch plan

comprising vehicle data and route data (col. 2 lines 64-67, 3 lines 24-36, and col. 7 lines 14-21, i.e. registering module test computer),

a fourth executable portion configured to identify one or more optimal routes from among said plurality of routes based on the results of said third executable portion, said optimal routes comprising those most nearly satisfying said test parameters (col. 7 line 10, and 21-22, output unit),

a fifth executable portion configured to identify the vehicle assigned to each of said one or more optimal routes, said vehicle to receive one of a plurality of electromagnetic signal testing units, a sixth executable portion configured to receive data gathered by each of said plurality of signal testing units (col. 1 lines 5-15, col. 1 line 41-col. 2 line 31, and col. 7 lines 11-15, test computer).

However, Rickli fails to specifically disclose a third executable portion configured to compare said test parameters to said dispatch plan for each of said plurality of route.

Raith discloses comparing said test parameters to said dispatch plan for each of said plurality of routes (col. 3 lines 10-27, and col. 6 lines 38-49).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the invention of Rickli, by comparing said test parameters to said dispatch plan for each of said plurality of routes as disclosed by Raith for the purpose of determining best route based on quality of service.

Regarding claims 12-17, the combination of Rickli and Raith discloses a computer software program product of claim 11, wherein said first executable

portion is further configured to store test parameters including a geographic parameter, and wherein said second executable portion is further configured to store route data including a start location, an end location, and one or more intermediate stop locations (Rickli, col. 2 lines 44-59, col. 3 lines 23-33, col. 6 lines 1-5, and col. 7 lines 45-col. 8 line 5);

wherein said first executable portion is further configured to store test parameters including a geographic parameter comprising: one or more tower identifiers, each defining a tower location, and one or more sector identifiers, each of said one or more sector identifiers comprising a sector location and an antenna configuration (Rickli, see figure 1, and col. 3 lines 18-22);

wherein said first executable portion is further configured to store test parameters including a time parameter describing a time window, and wherein said second executable portion is further configured to store route data including a start time corresponding to said start location, an end time corresponding to said end location, and one or more intermediate stop durations corresponding to said one or more intermediate stop locations;

wherein said first executable portion is further configured to store test parameters including a time parameter comprising: one or more lingering parameters, each of said one or more lingering parameters comprising a linger duration, a tower identifier, and a sector identifier (Rickli, col. 2 lines 44-59, col. 3 lines 23-33, col. 6 lines 1-5, and col. 7 lines 45-col. 8 line 5);

wherein said first executable portion is further configured to store test parameters including: one or more unit parameters, each of said one or more unit

parameters comprising a unit type and a unit feature, and a quantity parameter defining an available number of said units, and wherein said second executable portion is further configured to store vehicle data including a number of vehicles in said fleet (Rickli, col. 5 lines 22-30, 44-51, and col. 7 lines 48-55);

wherein said first executable portion is further configured to store a weight assigned to one or more of said test parameters, each of said weights correlated to the importance of said one or more of said test parameters relative to the others (Rickli, col. 2 lines 44-48 and col. 4 lines 60-65, with the aid of at least one test mobile remote unit).

#### Conclusion

7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

The following patents are cited to further show the state of the art with respect to testing method:

- U.S. Pub. No. 20060025158 A1 to Leblanc et al.
- U.S. Pub. No. 20020081977 A1 to McCune JR
- U.S. Pat. No. 6889053 B1 to Chang et al.
- U.S. Pat. No. 6850730 B2 to McCune JR
- U.S. Pat. No. 6263208 B1 to Chang et al.
- U.S. Pat. No. 6336035 B1 to Somoza et al..

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to EMEM EKONG whose telephone number is 571 272 8129. The examiner can normally be reached on 8-5 Mon-Fri..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Lester Kincaid can be reached on 571 272 7922. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-

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